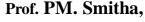


ASSESS THE KNOWLEDGE ON SWASTHYA VIDYA VAHINI AMONG ADULT POPULATION IN MALLAVALLI VIJAYAWADA AP.



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Abstract: The study aims are to assess the knowledge regarding Swastya Vidya Vahini among adults and to identify the relationship between the knowledge level and socio demographic variables of Adult Population. The quantitative research approach and descriptive design was adopted for the study. The study was conducted in Mallavalli Vijayawada. 50 adults were selected by using Non Probability Convenience Sampling Technique. Structured Questionnaire method was used for collecting the information from samples. Data analysis was done by using descriptive and inferential statistics. The results revealed that 20(40%) adults possess B grade, 18(36%) had C grade and 12(24%) obtained D grade. There was a significant association between the knowledge on Swastya Vidya Vahini among adults with their socio demographic variables like gender and type of family. The study concluded that there is a need to conduct awareness program on Swastya Vidya Vahini for adults to promote a healthy life style. **Key words: Knowledge, Swastya Vidya Vahini, Adult Population.**

INTRODUCTION

Swasthya Vidya Vahini (SVV) is one of the largest public health education initiatives launched by Ex chief minister of Andhra Pradesh, Mr. N. Chandrababu Naidu on 24th December 2016. Swasthya Vidya Vahini Scheme to be rolled out from January 2nd Saturday. It is a 10 month pilot project under which 32,000 Medicine, Nursing, Psychiatry and home science students will prepare disease profiles of villages by campaigning the villages on daily basis. The information complied by them will be used for proper implementation of the schemes of medical, health and family welfare department and take up new ones with prevention as the focus, rather than persisting with the curative approach.

OBJECTIVES

- To assess the level of knowledge on regarding Swastya Vidya Vahini Among Adult Population.
- To find out the association between the level of knowledge regarding Swatsya Vidya Vahini among adult population with their selected socio demographic variables.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

This cross sectional descriptive study was carried out to assess the knowledge regarding Swastya Vidya Vahini among adults in Mallavalli, Vijayawada. After obtaining ethical clearance 50 adults were selected by using non probability convenience sampling technique. The data was collected from



adults by using structured Questionnaire method and documented. Statistical analysis was performed by using descriptive and inferential statistics.

CRITERIA FOR SAMPLE SELECTION

Inclusion Criteria: The adults who are

- 20 to 60 years
- Willing to participate the study
- Available at the time of data collection

Exclusion Criteria: The adults who are

- Below 20 years and above 60 years
- Not available at the time of data collection period

DESCRIPTION OF THE TOOL

The tool was developed with the help of related literature from various text books, journals, website, discussion and guidance from experts.

Part-I: Consists of age, gender, educational qualification, occupation, family income, religion, and type of family etc.

Part-II: Consists of structured questionnaire to assess the knowledge regarding Swasthya Vidya Vahini .

PLAN FOR DATA ANALYSIS

The data was analyzed in terms of objectives of the study by using Descriptive and Inferential Statistics.

Data Analysis	Method	Remarks			
Descriptive	Frequency,	Distribution of socio			
Statistics	Percentage	demographic			
	distribution,	variables of adults			
	Mean & SD	To determine the			
		level knowledge			
		regarding Swatsya			
		Vida Vahini			
		Among Adult			
		Population.			
Inferential	Chi-Square	To find out the			
statistics		association between			
		level knowledge			

regarding Swatsya
Vida Vahini Among
Adult Population.
with their Socio
Demo graphic
variables.

Results: The data was organized and presented under the following Headings.

Section - I: Frequency and Percentage Distribution of Socio Demographic Variables of Adult Population.

Section - II: Frequency and Percentage Distribution based on the level of Knowledge Regarding Swatsya Vidya Vahini Among Adult Population.

Section - III: Mean and Standard Deviation of level of Knowledge Regarding Swatsya Vidya Vahini among Adult Population.

Section - IV: Association between the level of knowledge regarding Swatsya Vidya Vhini Among Adult Population with their Selected Socio Demographic Variables.

SECTION - I

Frequency and percentage distribution of socio demographic variables among adults

Table - I: Frequency and Percentage distribution of adults based on age (N=50)

Age	Frequency (F)	Percentage (%)
a.21-30 years	18	36
b.31-40 years	20	40
c.41-50 years	12	24
Total	50	100

Table - I shows that with context to age, 18(36%) were between 21-30 years, 20(40%) were between 31-40 years and 12(24%) were between 41-50 years of age.

Section - II: Frequency and Percentage Distribution based on the level of Knowledge among Adult Population Regarding Swatsya Vidya Vahini (n=50)



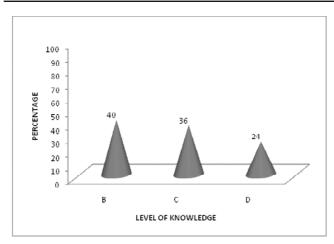


Fig. No- :1 Percentage and frequency distribution of adults based on knowledge

Section-III: Table 2: Mean and Standard Deviation of level of Knowledge Regarding Swatsya Vidya Vahini among adult Population. N= 50

Category	Mean	Standard deviation			
Level of knowledge	7.43	2.72			

Section - IV: Association Between The Knowledge On Swastya Vidya Vahini Among Adults With Their Selected Socio Demographic Variables.

Tale No.3 Association between the knowledge on SwastyaVidyaVahini among adults with their selected socio demographic variables. N=50

CI N	Socio demographic variables	В		С		D		Chi-Square
Sl. No		F	%	F	%	F	%	$\mathbf{X}^{\mathbf{\hat{2}}}$
1.	Age in years							Cv=1.18
	a. 21-30 years	08	16	07	14	03	06	Tv=9.49
	b. 31-40 years	08	16	07	14	05	10	df=4
	c. 41-50 years	04	08	04	08	04	08	P=0.05
	d. 51-60 years	_	_	_	_	_	_	NS
2.	Gender							Cv=9.65
	a. Male	08	16	_	_	03	06	Tv=5.99
	b. Female	12	24	18	36	09	18	df=2
								P=0.05;S**
3.	Educational Qualification							Cv=11.6
	a. Illiterate	02	04	01	02	03	06	Tv=15.51
	b. Primary Education	03	06	09	18	04	08	df=8
	c. Secondary Education	08	16	06	12	03	06	P=0.05
	d. Intermediate	06	12	02	04	02	04	NS
	e. Graduate	01	02	_	_	_	_	
	f. Post Graduate	_	_	_	_	_	_	
4.	Occupation							Cv=15.06
	a. Farmer/Coolie	_	_	03	06	02	04	Tv=15.51
	b. Business	02	04	02	04	03	06	df=8
	c. Employee	08	16	03	06	01	02	P=0.05
	d. Unemployee	02	04	02	04	04	08	NS
	e. House wife	08	16	08	16	02	04	
5.	Family Income							Cv=7.21
	a. <rs.5000 month<="" per="" td=""><td>09</td><td>18</td><td>08</td><td>16</td><td>06</td><td>12</td><td>Tv=12.59</td></rs.5000>	09	18	08	16	06	12	Tv=12.59
	b. Rs.5001-7000 per month	08	16	07	14	05	10	df=6
	c. Rs.7001-9000 per month	02	04	02	04	01	02	P=0.05
	d. Rs.9001-11,000 per month	01	02	01	02	_	_	NS
	e. Rs.>11,001 per month	_	_	_	-	_	_	
6.	Religion							Cv=0.703
	a. Hindu	13	26	12	24	09	18	Tv=9.49
	b. Muslim	05	10	05	10	02	04	df-4
	c. Christian	02	04	01	02	01	02	P=0.05; NS
7.	Type of Family							Cv=11.89
	a. Nuclear Family	10	20	07	14	12	24	Tv = 5.99
	b. Joint Family	10	20	11	22	-	_	df=2
								P=0.05
								S**



C = Calculated Value df = Degree of freedom

T = Tabulated Value P = Probability

S = Significance NS = Non Significance

Table No.3: Shows that association between the knowledge on SwastyaVidyaVahini among adults with their selected socio demographic variables.

There was significant association between the knowledge on SwastyaVidyaVahini among adults with their socio demographic variables like gender and type of family.

There was no significant association between the knowledge on SwastyaVidyaVahini among adults with their socio demographic variables such as age, educational qualification, family income, religion and occupation.

The study finding reveals that there is an association between the level of knowledge regarding Swatsya Vidya Vahini Among Adult Population with socio Demographic Variables such as gender and type of family, obtained calculated value for gender was 9.65 and table value was 5.99 at P <0.05 level, and for type of family obtained calculated value is 11.89 and table value is 5.99 at P <0.05 level and remaining variables were not significant.

CONCLUSION: The study concluded that majority of Adult Population possess B grade .The results indicates that health professionals especially Nurses need to Educate the Community People. So it is important to foster Awareness Among Adult Population by Conducting Awareness Program on Swastya VidyaVahini.

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